

Table 1  
Presidents by Religious Affiliation

Religion	N	%	Presidents
<b>Protestant Establishment</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>47</b>	
Episcopalian	11	26	George Washington James Madison James Monroe William Henry Harrison John Tyler Zachary Taylor Franklin Pierce Chester A. Arthur Franklin Delano Roosevelt Gerald Ford George H. W. Bush
Presbyterian	8	19	Andrew Jackson James Knox Polk James Buchanan Grover Cleveland <sup>a</sup> Benjamin Harrison Woodrow Wilson Dwight D. Eisenhower
Congregational	1	2	Calvin Coolidge
<b>Other Colonial Elites</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>14</b>	
Unitarian	4	9	John Adams John Quincy Adams Millard Fillmore William Howard Taft
Quaker	2	5	Herbert Hoover Richard M. Nixon
<b>Other Protestants</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>30</b>	
Baptist	4	9	Warren Harding Harry S. Truman Jimmy Carter William Jefferson Clinton
Methodist	4	9	Rutherford B. Hayes Ulysses S. Grant William McKinley George W. Bush
Disciples Of Christ	3	7	James A. Garfield Lyndon Baines Johnson Ronald Reagan
Dutch Reformed	2	5	Martin Van Buren Theodore Roosevelt
<b>Others</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>9</b>	
Nones	3	7	Thomas Jefferson Abraham Lincoln Andrew Johnson
Catholic	1	2	John F. Kennedy
<b>Total</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>100</b>	

Barack Obama

<sup>a</sup> Cleveland was elected president on two separate occasions (1885-1889 and 1893-1897). Following the customary way of counting U.S. presidents, and because at least theoretically his religious affiliation could have been different each time, we count Cleveland twice.